NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1896.-EIGHTEEN PAGES.

MORE LIGHT ON THE DISPUTE

THE VENEZUELAN COMMISSION RE-CEIVES IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

A PRELIMINARY REPORT FROM PROFESSOR BURR AND NOTICE OF ANOTHER BRITISH BLUE BOOK-VALUABLE DOCUMENTS DIS-

COVERED IN ROME.

Washington, June 12.-The Venezuelan Boundtry Commission held its regular meeting to-(ay, all the members being present. A number d important communications were presented and considered, among these being a preliminary sport from Professor Burr, now engaged in sking an examination of the Dutch archives, at a communication from the Department of gate informing the Commission that the British Government had signified its intention of shortly ferwarding a supplementary Blue Book which should contain a large number of additional documents, taken both from the Dutch and Spanish

Further information was laid before the Commission as to valuable and important documents is the archives of the Propaganda at Rome with respect to the early Capuchiu missions in the disputed territory.

A number of additional documents were presented on behalf of the Venezuelan Government, sented on behalf of the Venezing the translations have not been completed of the three volumes of manuscript which are in the hands of the Legation in this city.

It is not likely that the headquarters of the Commission will be changed this month, if at all, to some cooler place. The Commission will meet

THE TREASURY RAPIDLY LOSING GOLD.

OVER \$200,000 WITHDRAWN YESTERDAY-THE RESERVE NOW STANDS AT \$104,238,754.

Washington, June 12.-The gold reserve of the Treasury, which under the last bond issue reached is maximum figure of \$128,000,000 on April 13, has The day's withdrawals fallen to \$104,238,754 were \$2,136,900, most of it for export.

BEHRING SEA COMMISSION CHOSEN.

ME MEN WHO ARE TO INVESTIGATE THE CON-DITION OF THE FUR-SEAL HERDS.

Washington, June 12-The President, under the ment act of Congress which directs the "conduct of a scientific investigation of the present condition of our fur-seal herds on the Pribyloff Islands," for which it appropriates \$1,000, has appointed David S. Jerdan, president of the Leland Stanford, ir., Uni-Leutenant-Commander Jefferson F. Moser, Leonard Stejeneger, F. A. Lucas and Charles H. Townsend to assist him. All except Mr. Jordan are in the amploy of the United States. Lieutenant-Com-mander Moser is a hydrographic inspector of the Coast and Geodetic Survey Mr. Townsend is a naturalist, and Mr. Steieneger is curator of reptiles in the National Museum in this city.

The party will visit the Seal Islands about the same time the British scientists are there, but same time the British scientists are there, but have no connection with them. Assistant Secretary Hamila considers the Commission an able body, whose report and findings will be extremely valuable.

AUSTRIAN EMBASSY AT WASHINGTON.

DR. VON HENGERVAR URGES THE CREATION OF SIX ADDITIONAL CONSULATES IN THE

UNITED STATES. Vienna, June 12.-The Austrian representative in Washington will her eforth be an Ambassa-

for instead of a Minister Dt. Hengelmuller von Hengervar, the Austrian Minister at Washington, who is now here, had an audience with Emperor Prancis Joseph and also with Count Goluchowski, Minister of For-eign Affairs, yesterday and urged the desira-bility of the creation of six additional consulates

Baron von Leonhardi, Austrian Consul at New-York, who is on leave of absence, will not return to his post, owing to ill-health.

REBELS APPEAL TO FITZHUGH LEE.

A CIRCULAR ASKS FOR AMERICAN INTERVENTION

-CALINTO GARCIA SHOWS HIS HAND. Havana, June 10, via Tampa, Fla., June 12.—The arrival of Consul-General Lee continues to be a leding topic of conversation. His friendship with President Cleveland, and his fame in the Civil War in the United States have given occasion to a great deal of comment in Spanish and Cuban circles.

The Cuban sympathizers here have taken ad-partage of his presence to endeavor to move him to their side by addressing to him all sorts of compaints on their wrongs and sufferings. A letter ad-dressed to the Consul has been printed anonymously and is being industriously circulated. It portends to give the real situation of the island and declares that the Cuban problem cannot be solved by the Spaniards—for even if they should grant home rule on the Canadian plan, it would never work for two powerful objections: The army and the debt. They consequently believe that the only practical solu-lies is American presevention to save the island

they know they have a good friend and a stanch supporter of their rights. He has already given goods of his interest in all that concerns his fel-

supporter of their rights. He has already given proofs of his interest in all that concerns his fellow-citizens.

The war situation continues favorable to the Cubans. The rainy season prevailing helps them considerably. Yellow fever and other tropical diseases are decimating the ranks of the troops fearfully. It is said the hospitals are overstocked and the death rate frightful.

General Maccon continue operating throughout the whole country at their will, without interference from anybody, the former in Camaguey and the latter in Pimar del Rio.

A new leader has appeared on the field, who is now attracting attention, and who will surely give the Spanish considerable trouble. His name is Calling Garda.

Vague rumors have arrived here that he has captured figant—his native place—and that he gave General Gasco a crushing defeat in the Ventas de Casanova engagement lately reported.

AN EXPLOSION STARTS A FATAL FIRE. ment of a bakery owned by Kubuegende Garische, at No. & Spring Garden-ave., Allegheny, exploded with a frightful report early this morning and eattered fire in every direction. Several people "Me sleeping on tre second floor of the building. enveloped in flame. Mrs. Garische, aged seventyfour, leaped from the window, striking squarely on The firemen rushed into the building tound Mr. Garison tying on the hoo uncon-bus from heat and smoke. A grandchild five but he had been a state of the head and has was hadly burned about the head and had and will probably die. Mrs. Garische, fr., who had not been a state of the house were sturns. Two other occupants of the house were than the house were that in the basement, but at a distance from the scene of the explosion.

LAW LAID DOWN FOR HARVARD STUDENTS.

from Harvard students inquiring just how far stu-dents may go in celebrating victories of athletic leams in the streets of Cambridge without being lable to arrest. These queries have been answered to the effect that no persons are allowed to discharge frearms in the streets, and that all parades must be orderly. The authorities are of the opinion that the students may do nearly as much as they please while laide the college yards. Mayor Baneroft said togey that Professor Bartlett, of the Harvard faculty, had stated that the police had simply done their duty on Weinesday night, when three of the students were arrested. In the "Harvard Crimson" office a sign has been placed in the window asking for contributions to pay the cost of clothing of the officers, which was destroyed. able to arrest. These queries have been answered

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. On June 12, 18, 19, and 20 the Shelter Island and Hamptons' Express will be run to Greenport, Sag Harbor, and Amagansett, leaving Long Island City at 3 and Brooklyn at 255 P. M., stopping at Manor, Riverhead. Martituck, Cutchogue, West Hamp-ton, and all stations east to Sag Harbor and Ama-Fansett.

COLONEL RHODES REFUSED TO SIGN.

HE WILL NOT PLEDGE HIMSELF TO ADSTAIN FROM INTERFERENCE AND IS BANISHED FOR LIFE FROM THE TRANSVAAL

Pretoria, June 12.-The fines of £25,000 each which were imposed upon the Johannesburg Reform Com-mittee leaders—Phillips, Farrar, Rhodes and Hammond-were paid yesterday, and Phillips, Farrar and Hammond signed a document pledging them selves to abstain from interference in Transvaal politics, after which their banishment was caned. blonel Rhodes refused to sign the agreement to

abstain from interference in positics, and was han-shed for life. He started for Cape Town last night, Hammond, Phillips and Farrar left in the afternoon or Johannesburg.

Prices in Johannesburg have risen greatly.

"DR. JIM'S" DEFENCE.

HIS COUNSEL ASSERTS THAT THE CASE IS WITH OUT THE JURISDICTION OF THE BOW STREET POLICE COURT.

London, June 12.- The trial of Dr. Jameson and his fellow officers for their participation in the Transvani raid last December, which was resumed in the Bow Street Police Court yesterday after an adjournment of several weeks, pending the arrival of witnesses from South Africa, was continued this

The prosecution closed their case, their evidence being all in, and Sir Edward Clarke, counsel for Jameson, intimated that he would submit that the court had no jurisdiction under the Foreign Enjettment act, which the defendants were accused of having violated.

RAINES LAW IN A FEDERAL COURT.

A SALOONKEEPER MAKING A FIGHT UNDER THE | Signals. CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Utica, N. Y., June 12 - Judge Coxe to-day, on the application of Louis W. Pratt, of Albany, entered an order requiring State Excise Commissioner Lyman to show cause why he should not be enjoined from revoking the license of William J. Kresser, of Albany, which was granted for a year in February, 1896. The application was made under the XIVth Amendment of the United States Constitution.

The order is made returnable at the Canandaigua term of the United States Court, which begins next

Mr. Pratt acts in the matter of this application as counsel for the Ale, Wine and Liquor Dealers' Association, of Albany, which wants an interpretation of the section of the Raines law which says that all licenses shall expire on June 30. He beprovision is in violation of the Constitution of the United States, as it deprives certain persons who own itcenses for a period ex-tending beyond the date mentioned of that for which they have paid a tax. Mr. Pratt argued that the sections of the Federal Constitution ferred to should be construed to restrain the State Excise Department from interfering with his clients in the prosecution of their business under the existing licenses during the period for which they were granted. The application was made in behalf of over twenty Albaty salous feeders. they were granted. The application was behalf of over twenty Albany sabonkeeper

THE COMMODORE AGAIN.

IT IS ALLEGED THAT SHE IS PREPARING TO TAKE A POWERFUL EXPEDITION TO CUBA.

Philadelphia, June 12.—Now that the steamship Bermuda is tied up in a legal tangle and for the return of any part of it. her fillbustering days seem over, the steamer Comwhich has had some experience in that ne, is expected to take her place. She is now at but, according to reports here. will soon leave that port to take to Cuba one of the largest expeditions yet sent there. She will clear from Charleston for Aspinwall,

United States of Colombia, but as soon as out of sight of land will steer toward the Delaware Bay, there her cargo will be awaiting her arrival. She will then steam toward the eastern coast of Cuba. One hundred Cubans and sympathizers in charge of Brigadier-General Vidal, who failed to land on the Bermuda's last expedition, will go out on the

the Bermuda's last expedition, will go out on the Commodore. The Commodore's cargo, which is ready to be put in board, will consist, it is said, of 1,200,000 rounds of ammunition, 7,500 Remington rifles, 2,800 pounds of tynamite, 250 revolvers and two portable hospitals, together with surgical instruments and medicine.

A SAILOR CHARGED WITH MURDER.

STORY OF A QUARREL AT SEA MARTEN ALKSNE PLACED IN 189

Marten Alksne, a sallor from the American ship Tacoma, of Bath, Me., arrived here last night on the Cunard steamship Campania in custody of J. Emsioner Shields at 938 hast hight, together the L. Jones, Charles Sandell and John Hedersleit, sallors of the Tacoma and witnesses of the killing, who also arrived here on the vessel. After a brief hearing, the prisoner and the witnesses were remanded to Ludlow Street Jail until 10 a.m. to-day, when the

preliminary examination will be held.
According to the witnesses, the case against Alkshe is not a strong one. The man is twenty years old, a native of Berlin, Germany, and speaks English imperfectiv. The Tacoms was bound from San Francisco to Liverpool, and it was on April 2 that the irouble occurred. The second mate, the men say, was cruel and had a bad record. Moshe, had treated Alkshe badly from the beginning of the voyage, they said. On April 2 the sailor was washing some of the mate's clothing, and the latter accused Alkshe of throwing several of the articles overboard. The sailor protested that he had not done so, and Mesher struck him. Then he chased him shout the deck and finally struck him with a heavy bolt. Alkshe then, say the witnesses, drow his sheath-knife and stabbed his mate in the thigh, near the group. Alkshe was not in froms and the wounded man cared for as well as possible on shiphoard. When the ship arriver at Liverpool he was taken to a hospital, where he died. It is said the surgeon there declared that the mate was badly diseased and would have died soon anyway. Alkshe was extradited and sent to this conneity by the American Consoil in Liverpool. Deputy United States Marshals took charge of the man upon the arrival of the Campania at Quarantine.

INSPECTING CHICAGO'S BIG DITCH.

Chicago, June 12.-After a brief morning session yesterday, spent in discussing the problem of fitra-tion of a city's polluted water supply, the Interna-tional Conference of State and Provincial Boards of Health became the guests of the Drainage Trus-tees. The doctors were taken on a special train tees. The doctors were taken on a special train along the great channel, stopping at all important points. The engineering achievements were explained by Chief Engineer Handolph of the Board, and at Willow Springs where the party took luncheon, President Eckhardt delivered an address on the drainage and commercial waterway projects involved in the channel, which had cost at present \$21,250,000, the estimated total expenditure being \$22,550,000, the estimated total expenditure being

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Chillicothe, Ohio, June 12.—Thomas White fatally snot his sweetheart, Hertha McKelvey, here last night, and then killed himse.!. White had grown in-anely jealous of the girl, and last night they quar-

Mason City, Iowa, June 12.—The first train over the McGregor Division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Raliroad since the big storm of three weeks ago was run yesterday. Two hundred men have been kept bissy in repairing the road ever since. Thirteen miles of the roadbed were washed away, and nine bridges were destroyed.

Hartford, Conn., June 12.—Steers and Miner, the escaped convicts, were arrested in Essex at 4 p. m. Cincinnati, June 12.—Frederick Mohl, a laborer, committed suicide yesterday by blowing his body into pieces with dynamite. He left a note directing disposition of his remains. Domestic trouble was the

Dover, N. H., June 12.—An attempt was made Monday night to blow up the farm buildings of Horace Davis, at Hiackwater, three miles from this city Mr. Davis and family, at the time of the explosion, were asleep in the house. Forty lights of glass were shattered and the building was nearly shaken from its foundation. The curtains on the doors and windows were torn off. The dynamite was exploded in the front yard near the door.

Providence, R. I. June 12.—Frank Majoy is at the Rhode Island Hospital hopelessly blind in both eyes Another man, whose name is withheld, is dead, and still another is it from the effects of drinking wood alcohol. The men were all employed at the American Electrical Works at Philipsdale. Majoy was stricken two weeks ago, and the man who died was taken ill on Monday and died ine next day. The alcohol is kept at the works for the purpose of cleaning the belting.

Rockville, Conn., June 12.—The Porkett

Ing the belting.

Rockville, Conn. June 12—The Rockville Free Public Library, the first library in town, was opened to the public this afternoon, with 2,500 books. The library is supported by the income from a \$10,000 legacy by George Maxwell, and from a \$10,000 appropriation by the town. The officers are: President, E. T. Maxwell: vice-president, George Bykes: secretary, William Maxwell: treasurer, William H. Prescott; librarian, Miss Geraldine Keating.

MEASURES ADOPTED FOR INTER-BRITISH COMMERCIAL IMPROVEMENT

FOR THE ABOLITION OF LIGHTHOUSE DUES-MR ARNOLDI CRITICISES THE UNITED STATES CONCERNING THE ALABAMA CLAIMS AWARD.

London, June 12.- The fourth and final sitting of the third congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire was held in Grocers' Hall to-day. The congress adopted by a unanimous vote resolutions proposed by the Sydney and the centre of his fellow National Committeemen, Melbourne Chambers of Commerce requesting with uplifted arm and closed fist, was the climax the London Chamber to arrange a conference with ship-owners, with a view of eliminating the contracts that remove ship-owners from all liability. In the event of failure to obtain such | tee had been listening to the presentation of the conference or failing to secure the relief sought through the medium of a conference, the resolutione provide that the various Chambers shall introduce bills in their respective parliaments designed to abolish such clauses from bills

The congress also adopted a resolution propos by the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, condemning the sound signals in cases of for which were proposed by the Washington conference, and urging the Government of Great Britain to endeavor to secure the consent of foreign Powers to the withdrawal of the proposed new sound

LIGHT DUES UPON SHIPPING

Resolutions proposed by the Newcastle Chamber and the British Chamber at Constantinople were also adopted, favoring the abolition of the levying of light dues upon shipping. The resolution posed by the Constantinople Chamber asked that Her Majesty's Government take the necessary measures to abolish or diminish the present exorbitant light and sanitary dues charged against

Sir. Donald A. Smith, Canadian High Commissioner in London, in seconding the Newcastle resolutions, said that Canada did not impose light duce, although the Dominion had 1,300 lights and 5,000 miles of coast; yet, he said. Canada was excluded by the United States from the benefits accorded to those nations which did not charge light dues.

Mr. Arnoldi, of Toronto, raised a question of privilege, and spoke in support of Mr. Cockshott's amendment to Sir John Lubbock's resolution submitted yesterday favoring arbitration whenever the awards were enforceable, and his criticism of the United States regarding their and the contention that arbitration was useless unless the awards were enforced. Mr. Arnoldi quoted the statement made by the First Lord of the Treasury in the House of Commons on February 17, 1891, that a large sum of the Alabama claims award was still undistributed, but that it was the policy of Great Britain not to ask

Mr. Arnoldi's remarks were received with

CHEAPER PREIGHT RATES TO AFRICA.

ting forth that, whereas the rates charged for carrying freight between the United States of America and South Africa are lower than the freight rates between the United Kingdom and South Africa, and that, whereas subsidies granted by the German Government enable German goods to be delivered in the Transvaal cheaper than from the British Colonies, that the various chambers of commerce ought to obtain equitable rates of freight. The resolution was carried with but two dissenting votes.

Mr. Daly, delegate from the Winnipeg Cham ber of Commerce, moved a resolution asking that the Government use every means to encourage remarks, Mr. Daly said that the new colonists

offered by Mr. Daly, and, in the course of his remarks, made especial reference to the loyalty of the people of Canada to the Empire.

Mr. Perrault, of Montreal, moved a resolution advocating a deginal system of weights and measures. The resolution was carried unani-

mously.

Mr Perrault also moved a resolution in favor
of a decimal coinage system, but the motion
was strengously opposed by Mr. Firth, of the
Halifax Chamber of Commerce, and the resolu-

tion was withdrawn.

A resolution was offered by the Leeds Cham-her of Commerce in favor of railway extension in Southwest China and was adopted.

through with, thus completing the business of for his services. Mr. Chamberlair, he said, had

Sir Donald A. Smith seconded the resolution. The colonies, he said, felt that Mr. Chemberlain was a friend whom they could trust. Sir Donald suggested that the next Congress of the Cham bers of Commerce of the Empire be held in Canada. If the Congress should be held there and Mr. Chamberlain attended its sittings, he would meet with a welcome in Canada such as was only given to statesmen who lived in the

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, ex-Prime Minister of tert Rollit, which was unanimously carried. Sir Albert Rollit expressed the thanks of the

Sir Albert Rollit expressed the thanks of the Congress to the editors of the newspapers throughout the world for giving preminence in their columns to the debates of the Congress.

The delegates in a body will attend a gala operatic performance of "Romeo and Juliet" in the Covent Garden Theatre this evening end afterward be entertained at a supper and a ball. To-morrow aftermoon the Earl of Jersey, who was the representative of Great Britain at the international conference held in Ottawa in 1894, will entertain the delegates at a garden party at his seat. Osteriey Park, Middlesex, and in the will entertain the lelegates at a garden party at his seat, Osteriey Park, Middlesex, and in the evening Mr. Chamberlain will give the delegates a reception in the Imperial Institute, where they will meet the Prince and Princess of Wales.

EX-OFFICIALS SUED FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

Pittsburg, June 12.—Three suits for the embezzle-ment of \$17,990 were entered to-day against ex-City Attorney W. C. Moreland and his assistant, W. C. House, before Alderman McMasters. This amount of shortage is all that can come under the law of limitation, although the amount in reality is much greater. The aggregate approximates between a quarter and a hali a million dollars. Should the Grand Jury find true bills on these three counts the defendants will have twelve charges to answer in court. The defendants gave ball in \$10,000 cach on the charges entered to-day. Their trial will probably take place at the present term of court. Controller Gourley is authority for the statement that Councils will be asked to appropriate \$50,000 to cover the ex-City Attorney's shortages, for which the city is liable, in the matter of damages for street openings.

READ TO-MORROW'S BROOKLYN EAGLE. Great Outing Number. Where to go this summer

-The largest list of hotels and boarding houses
ever published in a newspaper. 40 pages—Handsome
Illuminated Cover. A fine art supplement with
colored picture of Major and Mrs. McKinley. 411
for 3 cents.—(Advt.

LAST DAY OF THE CONGRESS THURSTON ATTACKS ADDICKS. ONLY GHOSTS OF BOOMS.

ANOTHER SCENE BEFORE THE NATIONAL THE SITUATION AT ST. LOUIS. COMMITTEE.

BY A VOTE OF 41 TO 9, THE RIVAL DELEGATIONS FROM DELAWARE ARE KEPT OFF THE TEMPORARY ROLL OF THE CONVENTION.

St. Louis, June 12.-"I would not vote for J. Edward Addicks if his vote were needed to make the next President of the United States."

This declaration, uttered by Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, at 10:30 to-night, as he stood in of one of the most sensational scenes ever witnessed in a meeting of a similar body on the eve of a National Convention

For two hours previous to that the commitcases of the rival delegations from the State of Delaware. That headed by ex-Senator Higgins claimed to be the regular delegation, and was instructed for McKinley, while the six entered upon Secretary Manley's records as contestants were headed by J. Edward Addicks, and Senator Quay was given by one of the number as their preference for the Presidential nomination, Personalities were freely exchanged in the presentation of the respective cases between ex-Senator Higgins, State Chairman Caleb B. Layton and Mr. Addicks himself, but it was not until the parties in interest had retired that the storm broke forth.

Then Senator Thurston, first gaining the floor, began an impassioned speech. He reviewed the evidence elicited in the Dupont controversy before the United States Senate, and declared that it exposed a state of affairs unprecedented in the history of any State Republican party in the country. Addicks, he said, had been proved a traitor to the cause of Republicanism. When that party had forty-four Senators in the Capilist-Democratic element, it was Addicks, who by the aid of a Democratic Governor, brought about a deadlock and prevented Delaware from receiving its prop-r representation in the Senate of | reports of his purpose "to bring the National the United States.

vote were needed to make the next President of the United States, and if the necessity demands, I he also declared, with his usual sweeping con-National Convention."

Two rounds of applause, the first demonstration of the kind that has marked the proceedings of the committee, followed the Nebraska Senator's

When the rival delegations, headed respectively by Higgins and Addicks, were ushered into the committee-room, the excitement on the part of the committeemen was intense, and they moved their chairs forward until they formed a Higgins plunged into the case in behalf of himself and his associates. Mr. Addicks sat close beside him, and at times it looked as though the two men might come into personal collision, Chamber of Commerce, moved a resolution set- especially as Mr. Higgins denounced Addicks as the principal of a conspiracy against law and or, and as a man who regarded neither.

Mr. Higgins was followed by Washington Hastings, who was equally emphatic. Turning to Addicks, who sat with a sarcastic smile on his face, he shook his finger under his nose and ejaculated: "This man is governed by a base and selfish ambition. I say it to his face as I have said it before. His name is Addicka. Lita proper classification of goods and at more tie as he understands the language of gentlemen, he doubtless understands what I say." Addicks made no response

The principal address of the other side was hour appearance here argues, in fact, the hope-

as "that creature," and said that his speech States. Mr. Sutherland, indeed, has since comshowed him to be the "moral idlot" that every plained bitterly that he was left without briefs one in Delaware knew he was.

Then the committee, on motion of Mr. Sutherland, voted, 41 to 9, that it was not willing to place either delegation on the temporary roll, and referred the entire matter to the National Republican Convention.

Before the Delawars case was taken up there

was a long discussion on a motion by Delegate Catron, of New-Mexico, to the effect that six delegates each be placed on the roll for the Ter-ritories of New-Mexico, Arizona, Oklahoma and the Indian Territory. It was finally adopted.

to the report while making a passage from Colombo, Ceylon, to Pendicherry, capital of the French settlements in India, lost seventy men by sunstroke.

C. B. HUBBELL'S COACHMAN KILLED.

five years old and unmarried, coachman for Charles Buikley Hubbell, a member of the New-York City Board of Education, was thrown from a waxon opposite the postoffice, this noon, and instantly killed, his skull being fractured. The horse became frightened and ran away.

TRAIN ROBBERS BEATEN OFF. Montgomery, W Va., June 12.- The westbound ex-

press on the Chesapeake and Ohio Rallroad was held press on the Chesaptana and Kanawha Falis, at 12.45 o'clock this morning by three men, who, after a short fight with the train crew, made their escape without securing any booty. "Jack" Maynard, of Scary, W. Va., and L. M. Martin and George F. Stringer, of Richmond, Va., were subsequently arrested near the scene of the attack, and are in Jali

FELL FROM HIS WHEEL AND DROWNED. Albany, June 12 -- Fred Hunter, thirteen years old, son of Hurd Hunter, foreman of Steamer No. 5, of son of Hurd Hunter, totalian of Steamer No. 5, of the Albany Fire Department, was drowned here today. He was riding along the river front on his hicycle and took a header into the stream, his machine following and striking him as he went down into the waters. The body was recovered.

A DYNAMITE PLOT FAILS. Sedalia, Mo., June 12. Six weeks ago the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad Company re-

on a section of road six miles from Belton, Cass County. A few days later the colored men and their friends were visited at night by four men, who advised them to quit work, which they did. Others were secured, and the roadmaster received an anonymous letter threatening to run them off. Yesterday four sticks of dynamite were found under the ouilding in which the sectionmen were sleeping. The fuse on one stick had been lighted and burned to within half an inch of the dynamite and then went out. The belief prevails that it was an attempt to blow up the building and kill the negrous.

VAIN EFFORTS TO GALVANIZE INTO AC

TIVITY DEAD CANDIDACIES. PREPOSTEROUS TALK OF A BEATEN AND HUMILI

ATED BOSS-PAPER CONTESTS FROM THE COTTON STATES CRUSHED-TALK OF THE MONEY PLANK-PLANS

> OF THE SILVER REP-RESENTATIVES. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

St. Louis, June 12.-St. Louis is beginning to fill up with delegates to the next week's convention, who come to find the fight of the Presidential nomination finished and all the real sparkle and excitement of the pre-convention canvass gone. Among these belated arrivals are the custodians of two or three once-hopeful Presidential booms, whose exploitation two months ago might have been justifiable, but is a pure anachronism now. Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt, the originator and patron of Governor Morton's candidacy, reached this city last night and begun to arrange for a continuation of his "last ditch" fight to control the Convention and prevent the nomination of Major McKinley. Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, with a party of fol- was learned that Manley's statement of last night icwers, arrived this afternoon and announced that his canvass for the Presidential nomination of inquiry sent yesterday as to the meaning and would be pushed with as much spirit as ever until the rollcall in the convention was begun. Representative Henderson, of Iowa, the spokes man of Senator Allison, also appeared in the field during the day and opened Allison's headquarters at the Southern Hotel, declaring that lowa's favorite son was still seriously in the Presidential race.

OPPOSITION BEYOND HOPE OF RECOVERY The arrival of these three conspicuous repretol at Washington, and but one more was needed sentatives of the interests of the minor candito give it the majority of votes over the Popu- dates naturally led to feeble efforts to galvanize into life the dead corpse of the opposition to Major McKinley's nomination. Mr. Platt, with his usual industry, went about spreading glowing Committee to its senses," and to repair in the "Talk to me of honor and decency in politics," | Committee on Credentials the "wrongs" done by said the Senator, "I tell you here and now that the National Committee to his preposterous I would not vote for J. Edward Addicks, if his paper contestants from the cotton States. In a signed statement published in a local newspaper will repeat that statement upon the floor of the fidence, that he was "hopeful that the Convention will recognize the wisdom of making Governor | CONFIDENT THAT THE ANTI-PLATT DELEGATES Morton our Presidential candidate." General Henderson, while not so exuberantly

and rashly sanguine, still maintained that Senator Allison's name would be presented to the Convention, and that his friends would support him steadfastly to the end. Mr. Quay's candidacy is, of course, only a nominal and complimentary one, and his friends are contenting themselves with distributing Quay buttons and semi-circle about the confestants and the pre-Major McKinley's support when the time comes to make his nomination unanimous. The little spark of animation put into the anti-

McKinley movement by the simultaneous appearance here of the booms of these minor candidates, coupled with the efforts of Mr. Manley to rehabilitate the Reed canvass, fatally crippled by his frank but incautious confession of failure last Wednesday, has had the effect of momentarily reviving the broken spirit of the anti-

A DEFEATED AND DISCREDITED BOSS. But this spasmodic fluttering will deceive nobody. It is too late for Mr. Platt and his anti-McKinley associates to think of anything except the possible terms on which they may be allowed to surrender. The New-York boss's eleventh-

made by Caleb R. Taylor, chairman of the con- lessness of his programme of opposition. Havvention which nominated the Addicks delega- ing staked his whole prospect of power and inwould be heartily welcomed. He advocated before the committee. He also made a bitter however, a selection of emigrants from the betattack upon the motives of ex-Senator Higgins, nipulate the preliminary roll so as to load it nipulate the preliminary roll so as

> one in Delaware knew he was.
>
> R. C. Kersns moved that all of the Addicks delegation with the exception of Addicks himself be put upon the temporary roll.
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> Senator Thurstor declared that on the floor of the Convention he would speak and vote to unseat the entire delegation.
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> Numerous speeches and motions were made.
>
> Numerous speeches and motions were made, the convention through manufactured contests fell to the ground, and his last hope of wresting Numerous speeches and motions were made, all taking the ground that Addicks was not a Republican and would not be recognized as such. Finally Senator Carey, of Wyoming, moved that the Higgins delegation be placed on the temporary roll. The vote was 10 yeas to 39 mays.
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> Then the committee, on motion of Mr. Sutherland, voted, 41 to 9, that it was not willing to place either delegation on the temporary roll, and referred the entire matter to the National Republican Convention.
>
> By Good the Delaware case was taken up there to show any great interest in his projects

and purposes AN INFLUENCE FOR EVIL.

Mr. Platt's unpopularity in the St. Louis Con vention will be more than pronounced, and it chances this year are not as glowing as they were an out-and-out gold plank in the platform has done as much as any other one cause to stimulate the disinclination of the Republican delegates from the Mississippi Valley States to accept a radical gold resolution. Some of Mr. Platt's enthusiastic followers have gone so far as to spread the impression that the ex-Senator will attempt a bolt from the Convention, if both the National Committee and Committee on Credentials refuse to almit the Platt contestants who claim seats in the Convention from the disputed New-York City Congress Districts. Mr. Platt formally recommendation of the Republican delegates form. is already evident that his sinister advocacy of it is reported there that the British warship Bona-from the Mississippi Valley States to accept a venture while making a passage from Colombo, radical gold resolution. Some of Mr. Platt's en-

the impression that the ex-Senator will attempt a bolt from the Convention, if both the National Committee and Committee on Credentials refuse to admit the Platt contestants who claim seats in the Convention from the disputed New-York City Congress Districts. Mr. Platt formally repudiates the idea of leading a bolt, although he declines to say what he will do in case the National Committee, the Committee on Credentials and the Convention itself break with him. If he should decide to bolt, it is not likely that he would carry a dozen New-York delegates with him.

Talk about the wording of the money plank of the platform still continues active. No definite declaration is likely to be written until after the Committee on Resolutions is chosen, although, perhaps, half a dozen experimental resolutions, taken carefully from the various State platforms, are being passed along for criticism. The only real question at issue is whether a declaration for the maintenance of the existing money standard, which is a gold standard, and against the free coinage of silver, will not be just as satisfactory as an actual announcement that all Government obligations are to be measured hereafter specifically by gold. Probably a majority of the delegates from the Mississippi Valley States favor a resolution which does not mention the gold standard specifically, while the Eastern and Southern delegates are pronounced in their desire to obtain an out-and-out deciaration for gold.

PROGRAMME OF THE SILVER EXTREMISTS.

Seventor Teller's non-arrival has delayed the

caucus which the free-coinage delegates from propose to hold some time before the Convention meets. It is understood that the free-coinage meets. It is understood that the free-coinage men will draw up a resolution in the form of an ultimatum, which they will submit to the McKinley managers. If this is rejected—as it surely will be—the free-coinage delegates can then settle among themselves how many of them will leave the Convention. Anticipating that they will get no concessions in the way of a silver plank, the more conservative free-coinage leaders are hinting that they will be satisfied with one or two special tariff resolutions, assuring protection to certain important interests in

their States. Colonel Trumbo, of Utah, says that the adopting of these two resolutions will be highly satisfactory to the far Western dele-

PRICE THREE CENTS.

Noting that, under the Tariff Act of March 2, 1887, the wool industry was more prosperous than during any other period in the history of the country, and observing that the present free-trade policy of the Democratic Administration has ruired that industry, the Republican party, not less eager to-day than in the past to uphoid the interests of those engaged in the raising of wool, hereby stands committed to the reinstatement of the schedule on wool as enacted in the Tariff law of 1867.

The Republican party is in favor of the re-enactment of the tariff schedule of 1800, providing for a duty on lead ores, without taking note of value of the silver associated with lead in the ores imported.

As has been said above, however, the framing of the platform is still several days off.

There were no new developments to-day in the contest for the Vice-Presidential nomination. Mr. Hobart, of New-Jersey, seems to be in the lead at present, with Mr. Evans, of Tennessee, a fair second.

SPEAKER REED HAS NOTHING TO SAY. HIS FRIENDS BELIEVE THAT MR. MANLEY BE-

CAME PANIC STRICKEN. Washington, June 12 .- Aside from making call at the White House to-day to take formal farewell off President Cleveland, upon the close of Congress, and another at the home of Representative Hitt, of Illinois, who has been ill for some time, Speaker Reed remained at the Shoreham in constant telegraphic communication with friends and managers at St. Louis. He had no further comments to make regarding Mr. Manley's statement of Wednesday evening. It was prepared in response to Mr. Reed's telegram cause of his original statement. Friends of the Speaker in St. Louis telegraphed to him that they believed Mr. Manley became panic-stricken at Kinley at the first meeting of the National Committee, and Mr. Manley's regret for his action satisfied them that he "did not mean it."

The assertion made by Messrs, Manley and W. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, at St. Louis, that the Speaker would not under any condition accept the nomination for Vice-President was reiterated by his friends in Washington, so that there need be no misunderstanding on that point. The action of the National Committee in throwing out Reed delegates, especially those from Louisiana, was commented on with much bitterness by his friends as unnecessary if McKinley had a majority of the Convention, and indefensible in any view. They were advised that the Texes anti-McKinley men, claiming to be delegates, would probably meet the fate of their Louisiana colleagues.

Speaker Reed will not go home until after the Convention adjourns, but he may go to New-York on a business trip, which has been pressing for some days. The assertion made by Messrs. Manley and W.

MR. BLISS'S PARTY ON THE SCENE.

FROM THIS CITY WILL BE SEATED. St. Louis, June 12 (Special).-Several of the leading New-York delegates arrived to-night. With them came Cornellus N. Bliss, S. V. R. Cruger, Anson G. McCook, William Brookfield, C. H. T. Collis and Robert J. Wright, who believe they were elected as delegates from the X1fth, XIIIth and XVth Congress districts of New-York. There also arrived Judge William H. Robertson, of Katonah, and Frederick S. Gibbs, both delegates, and T. B. Wakeman, secretary of the American Protective Tariff League. Mr. Bliss soon after his arrival sought Mark Hanna, the manager of McKinley's canvass, and had a long private talk with him about the contested New-York seats. Mr. Bliss is confident that he will be seated.

GEN. BUTTERFIELD OFF FOR ST. LOUIS. HE IS A CANDIDATE FOR THE SECOND PLACE

e, N. Y., June 12.-General Daniel Butter field, of New-York, went to St. Louis to-day for McKinley's nomination. General Butterfield, who was a distinguished soldler in the Rebellion, io who was a distinguished solder in the Rebealon, is a candidate for the nomination for Vice-President from New York. He was prominently mentioned as a candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination last fail. General Butterfield is an ardent advocate of McKinley's nomination, and will be supported for the Vice-Presidential nomination by a large number of New-Yorkers, including prominent Grand Army meta

MR KOHLSAATS PROPOSED PLANK.

St. Louis, June 12.—A suggested platform, drafted by Mr. Kohlsaat, of Chicago, was submitted to Mr. Hanna and other close friends of Major McKinley to-day, and was taken under consideration. This proposed financial plan, while following in the lines of the Indiana platform goes one important step further, and specially declares for the "gold standard." At the same time, however, that this proposition was submitted, the suggestion was made that if this platform were adopted by the Committee on Resolutions it should be with the distinct understanding that when it was reported to the convention by the Committee on Resolutions the chairman should entertain a motion to strike out the words "gold standard." the plank to be so framed that this could be done without interfering with the context of the sense.

the sense motion being entertained, the proposition Such a motion being entertained, the proposition would be subject to debate and could be finally settled by the convention on a test vote. M'KINLEY SURE OF THE NOMINATION.

"AS CERTAIN AS THE SUN IS TO RISE ON THE MORNING OF JUNE 16" SAYS EX-GOVERNOR PLOWER. Buffalo, N. Y., June 12-Ex-Governor Roswell P. Flower arrived in this city this morning on the

"Who is your choice for a Democratic candidate

"No man who would run on a free silver plat-form," was the response. "You see, Democratio chances this year are not as glowing as they were

LIKELY TO BE A LONG CONVENTION. THE REPUBLICANS NOT EXPECTED TO FINISH

St. Louis, June 12.—A general desire obtains among delegates and officers of the Convention, and more especially among the St. Louis business men, to figure out how long the Convention is likely to last. There being no opposition practically to the nomina-tion of Major McKinley for the Presidency, it was taken for granted at first that the Convention could finish up its work in two or three days, so as to ad-

CRASH SUITS THOROUGHLY WELL MADE, to 18. Cycling trousers to match, \$2.50 to 25. White duck cycling trousers, 22. GEORGE G. BENJAMIN, BROADWAY, COR. 28TH ST.